

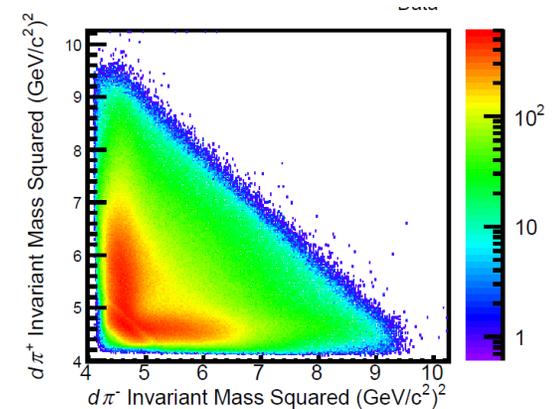
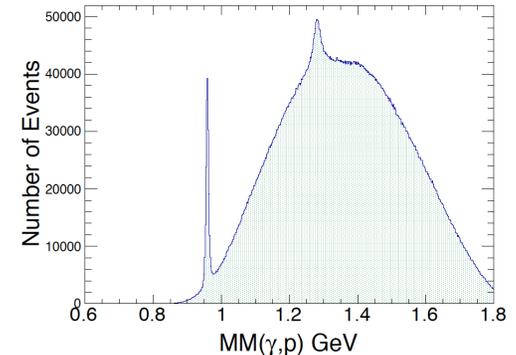
Some Recent Results in Electromagnetic Meson and Baryon Physics from CLAS

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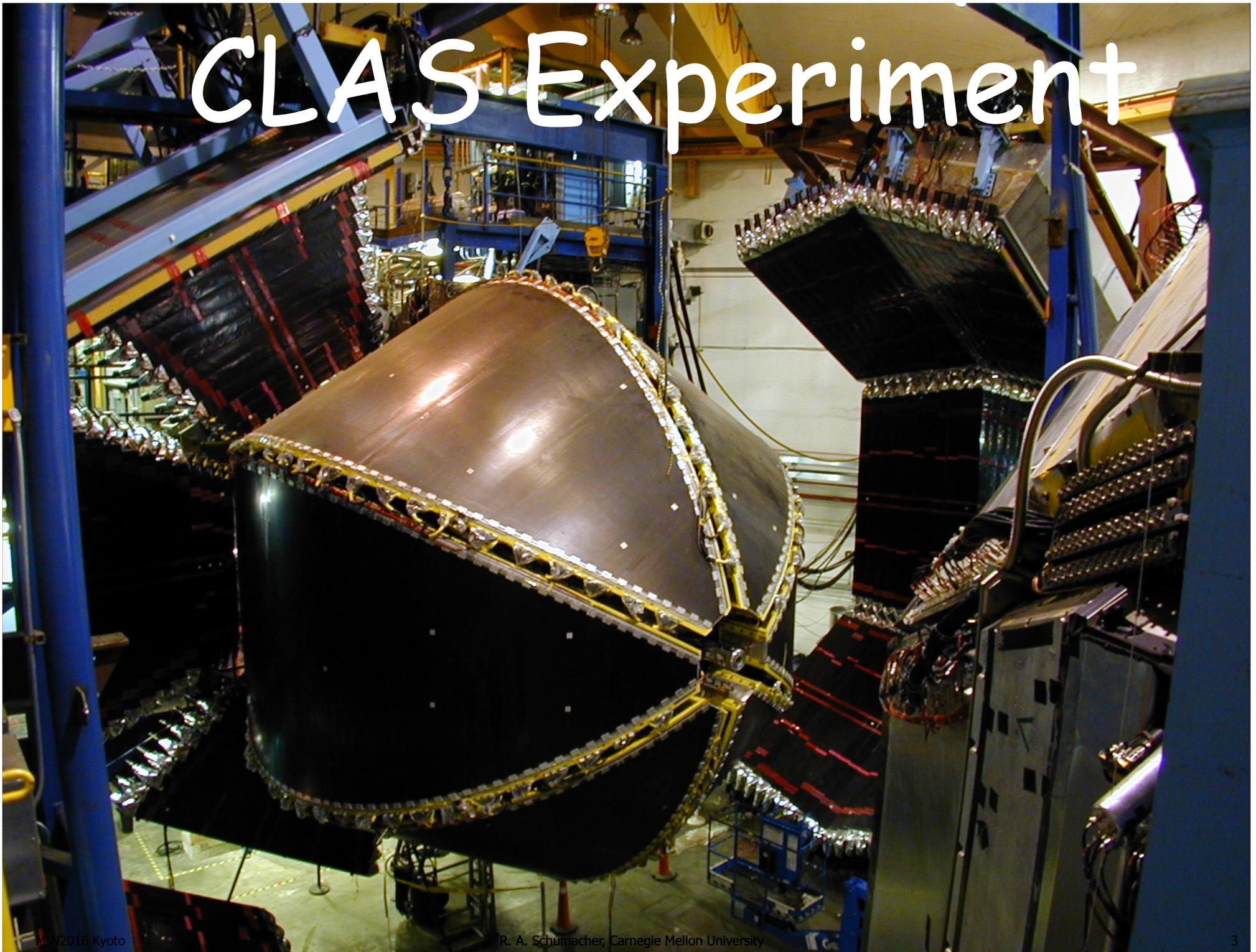


Outline: two topics

- The $f_1(1285)$ meson in photo-production
 - Unusual reaction mechanism
- Evidence for an $N\Delta$ quasi-bound structure decaying to $d\pi$
 - Seen in coherent two-pion photoproduction off the deuteron
- (Skip $\Lambda(1405)$ topic mentioned in online abstract)



CLAS Experiment



CLAS Experiment

- Operations from 1998 to mid-2012
- Photoproduction:
 - Targets: unpolarized LH_2 , LD_2 , polarized p, & HD-ice
 - Beams: unpolarized, circular, linear, to $\sim 5 \text{ GeV}$
 - Reconstructed: charged tracks: K^\pm, p, π^\pm
 - 20×10^9 triggers $\rightarrow 1.41 \times 10^6$ $\text{KY}\pi$ events in g11a
- Electroproduction:
 - Q^2 from ~ 0.5 to $\sim 3 (\text{GeV}/c)^2$
 - Structure functions from Rosenbluth and beam-helicity separations

NAK
 f_1



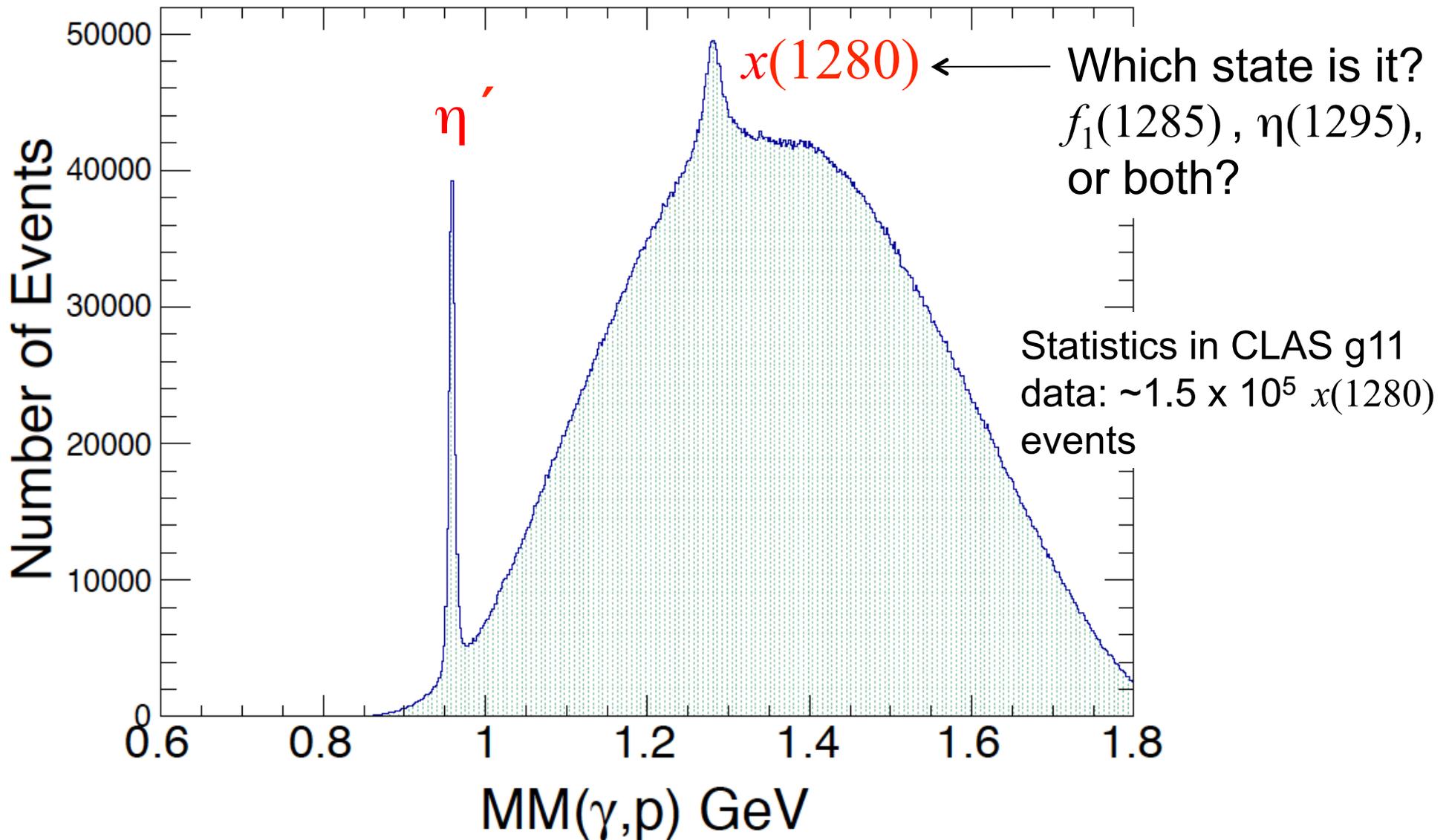
Photoproduction of the $f_1(1285)$ Meson

Publication: **Photoproduction of the $f_1(1285)$ Meson**, R. Dickson *et al.* (CLAS Collaboration), *Phys. Rev. C* **93**, 065202 (2016).



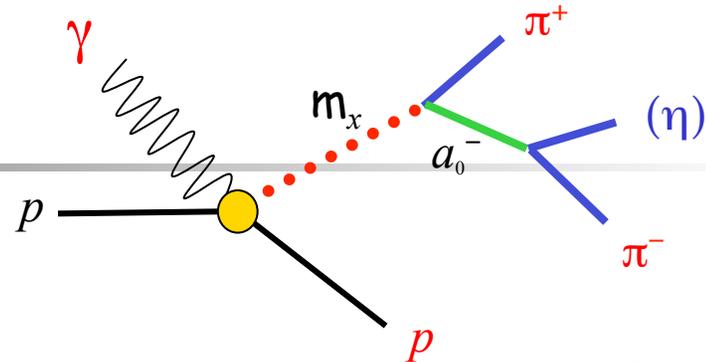
First Observation of $f_1(1285)$ or $\eta(1295)$ in

$$\gamma p \rightarrow p x \rightarrow p \pi^+ \pi^- (\eta)$$



NAK
f₁

Two Players:

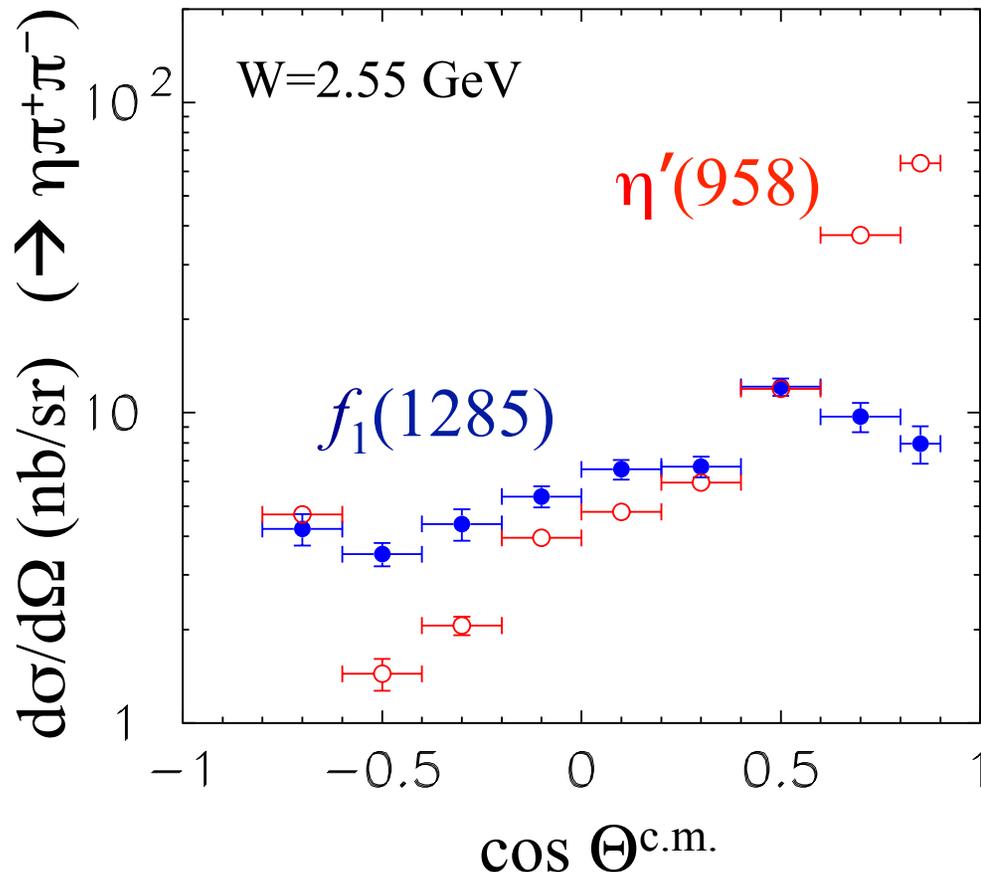


- $f_1(1285) \quad I^G(J^{PC}) = 0^+(1^{++})$
 - Well-established axial-vector meson seen in hadronic reactions;
 - Seen in experimental PWA analyses
 - Seen in Lattice QCD
 - Possible "dynamically generated" $K\bar{K}^* - \text{c.c.}$ state

- $\eta(1295) \quad I^G(J^{PC}) = 0^+(0^{-+})$
 - A "controversial" state seen in $\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta \pi^+ \pi^- n$
 - Seen only in PWA, e.g. J. Manak et al., E852/BNL
 - Important in the enumeration of mesonic states



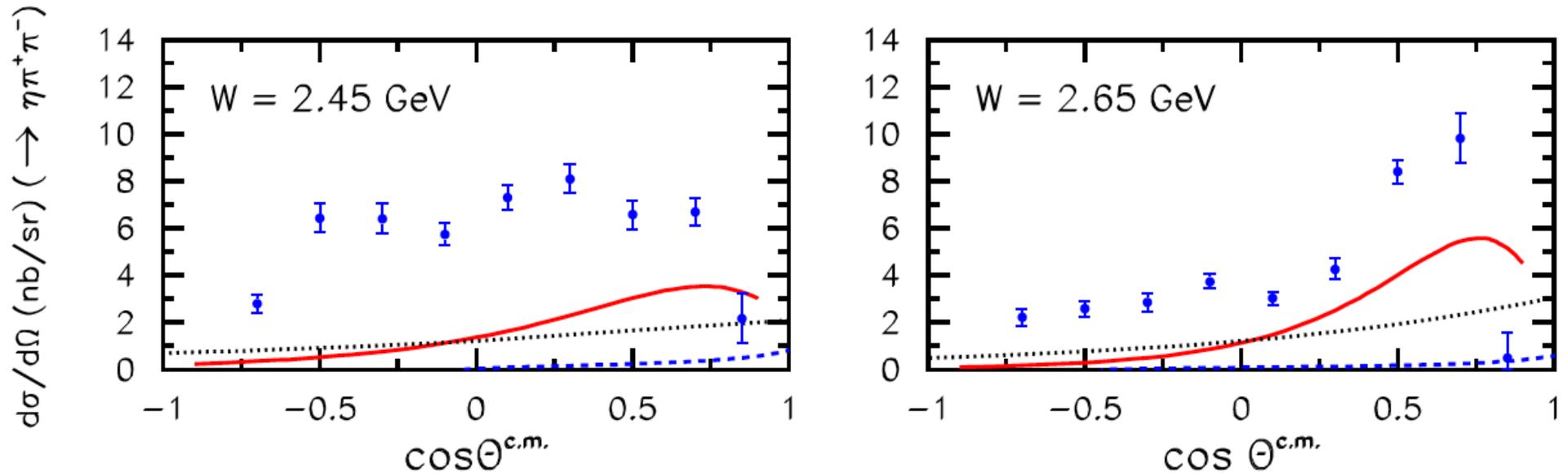
Compare Mesons: f_1 and $\eta'(958)$



- $f_1(1285)$ is produced "flatter" than the η'
- (Note logarithmic scale)
- Clue about production: not meson-exchange dominated like the η'

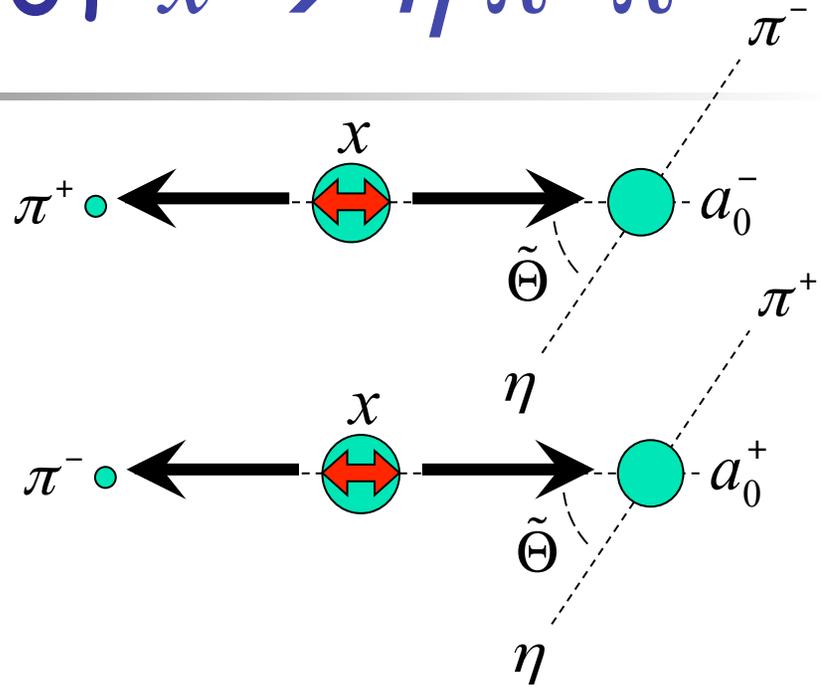
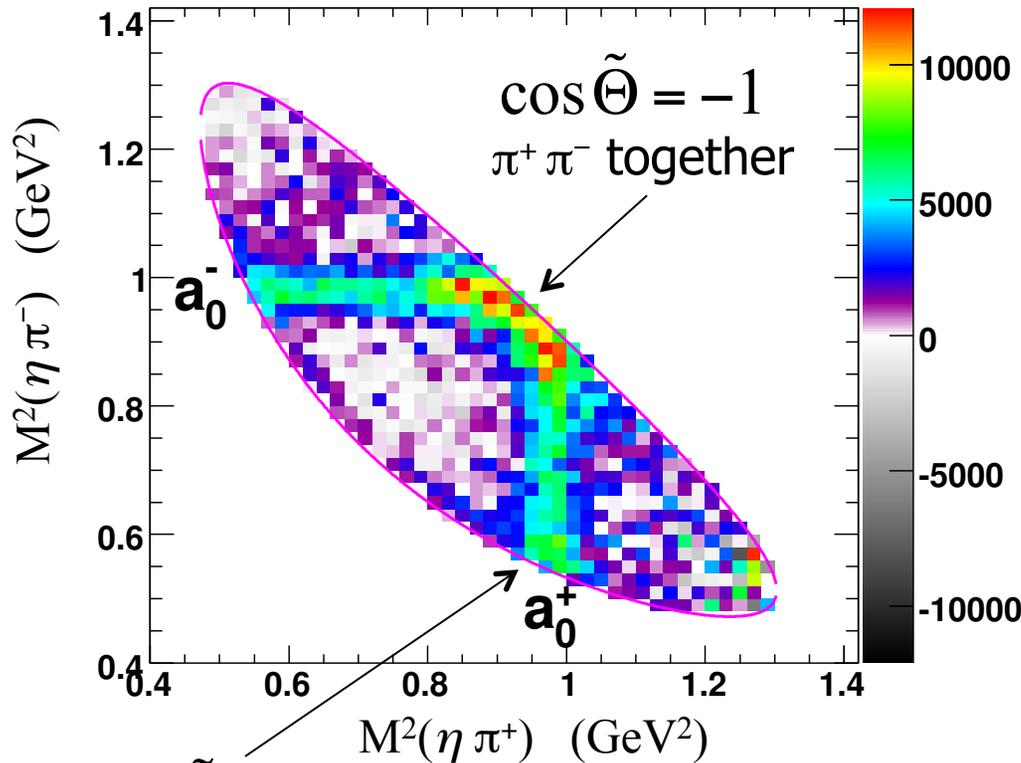


Comparison with Models



- Solid red: Effective Lagrangian with meson exchange
 - Kochelev *et al.*
- Dashed: Effective Lagrangian with meson exchange
 - Uncontrolled hadronic form factor cut-offs
 - J-J. Xie (unpublished, private comm.)
- Dotted: "Holographic QCD" model
 - S. Domokos: meson exchange with specific recipe to compute couplings

Dalitz analysis of $x \rightarrow \eta \pi^+ \pi^-$



-two amplitudes $A_{m=\pm 1}(m_{a_0^+ \pi^-}, m_{a_0^- \pi^+})$
to sum for each event

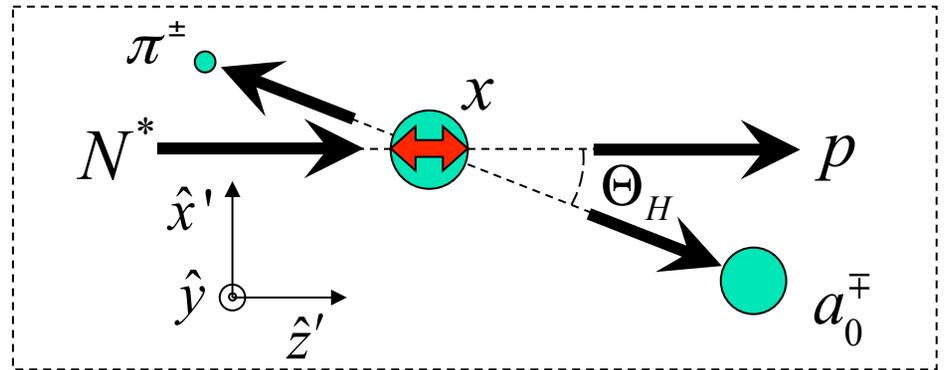
- Background-subtracted acceptance-corrected Dalitz plot reveals dominance of decay via $a_0^\pm \pi^\mp$ intermediate states.
- Strong interference of bands seen. Amplitude analysis!

From decay: find spin & parity

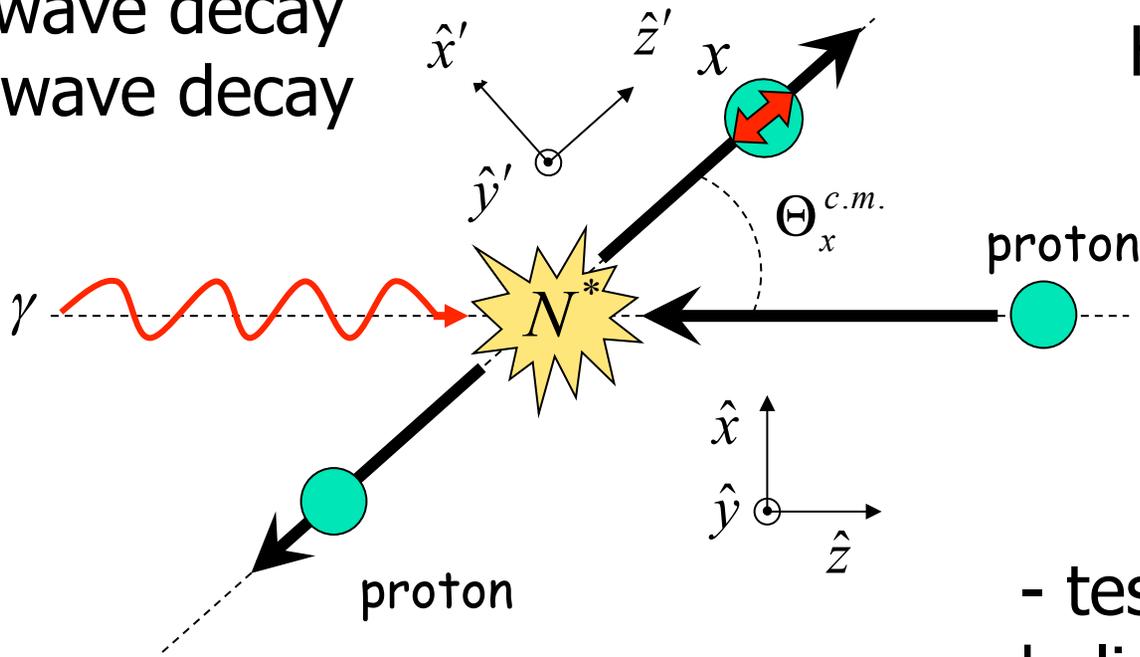
$$x \rightarrow a_0^\pm + \pi^\mp$$

$$J^P \rightarrow 0^+ + 0^- + L^{-1L}$$

f_1 : p -wave decay
 η : s -wave decay



Helicity system

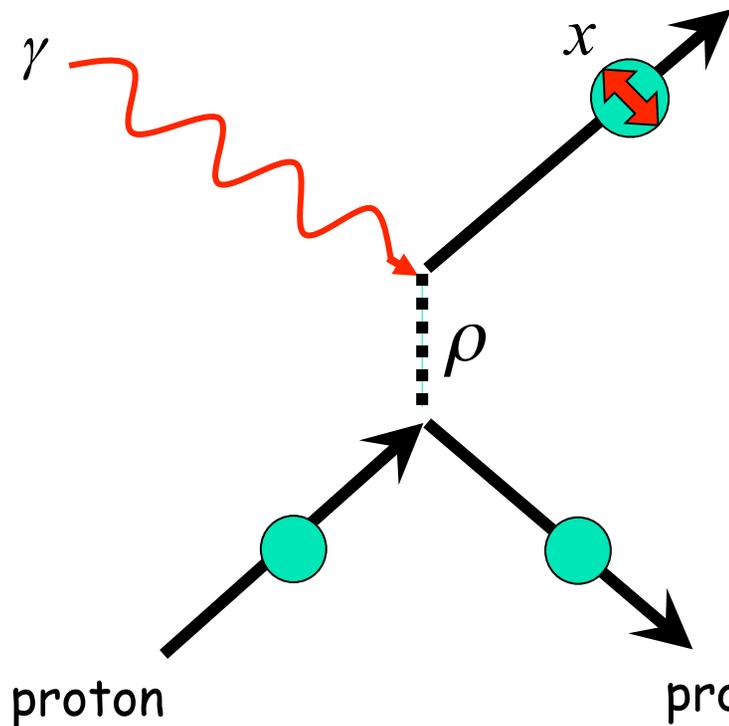
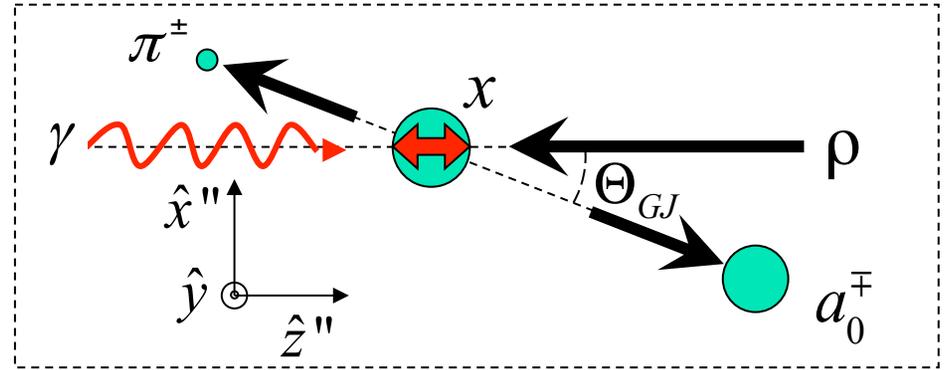


- tests " s -channel helicity conservation"

From decay: find spin & parity

$$x \rightarrow a_0^\pm + \pi^\mp$$

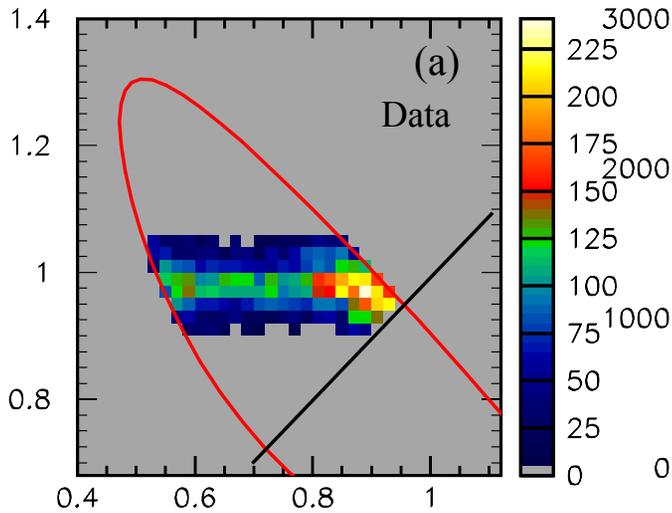
$$J^P \rightarrow 0^+ + 0^- + L^{-1L}$$



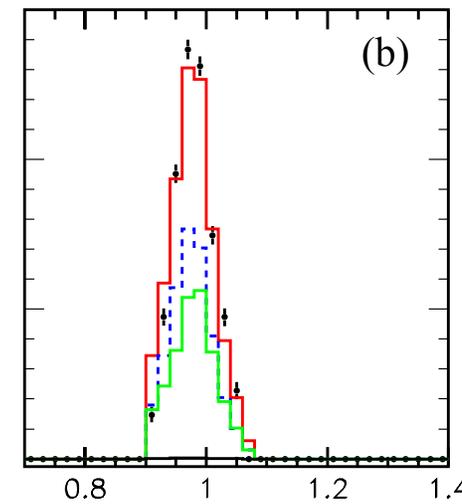
Gottfried-Jackson system

- tests "t-channel helicity conservation"

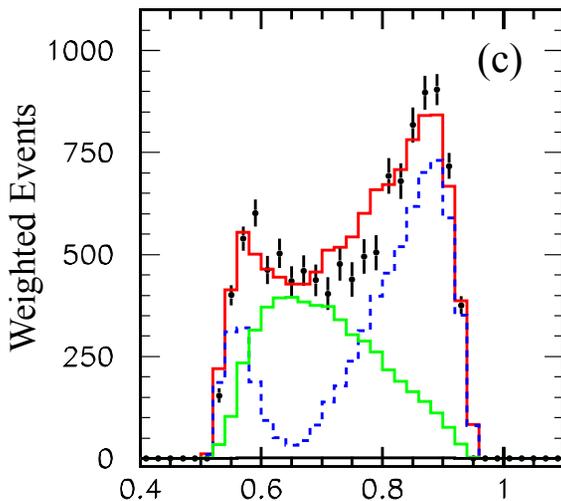
Helicity system fit succeeds!



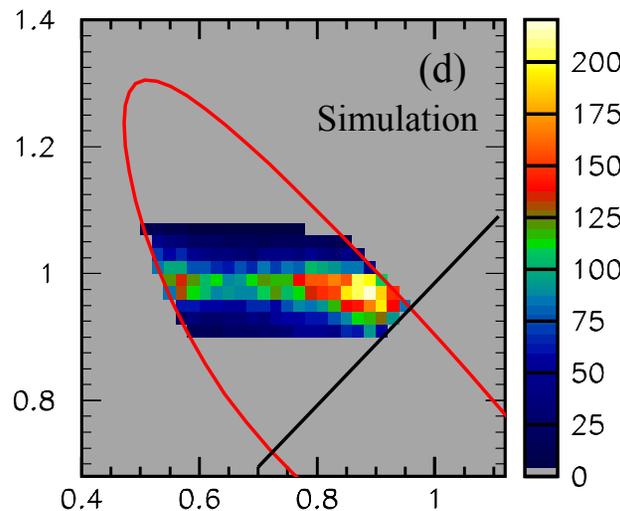
$M^2(\eta \pi^-)$ vs. $M^2(\eta \pi^+)$, Folded



$M^2(\eta \pi)$ Y-projection



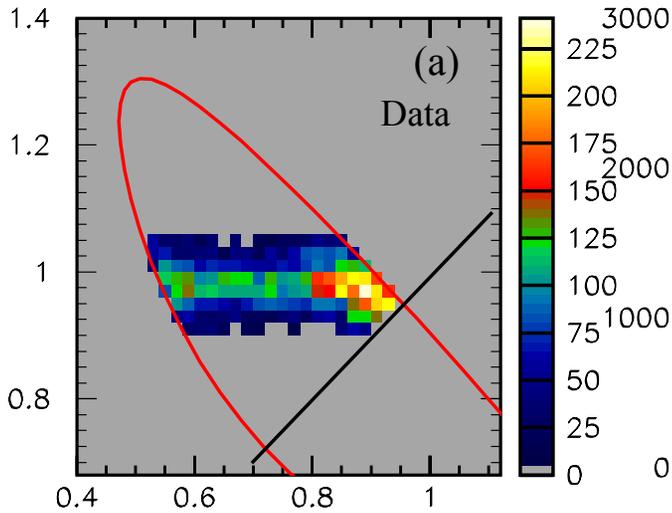
$M^2(\eta \pi)$ X-projection



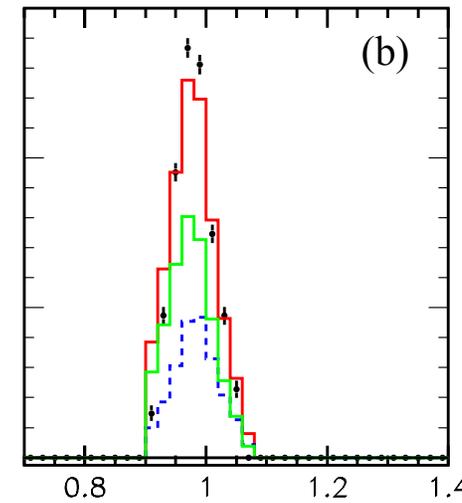
$M^2(\eta \pi^-)$ vs. $M^2(\eta \pi^+)$, Folded

- s -channel helicity system
- Components:
 - Blue: $L=1, m=0$
 - Green: $L=1, m=\pm 1$
 - Red: Total
- a_0^\pm interference reproduced
- p -wave decay and positive parity demonstrated
- Decaying meson is definitely the $f_1(1285)$

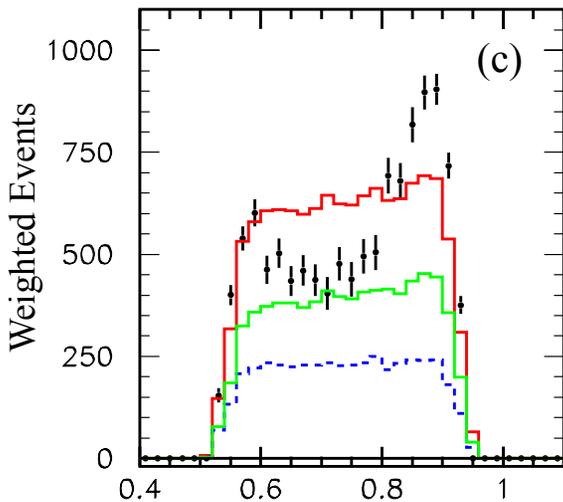
Gottfried-Jackson system fit



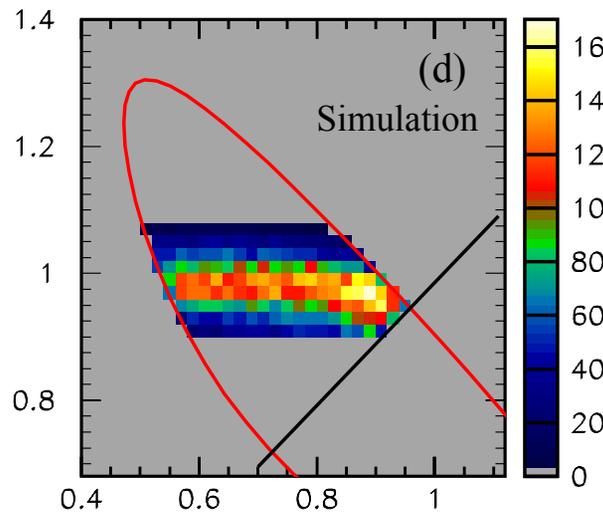
$M^2(\eta \pi^-)$ vs. $M^2(\eta \pi^+)$, Folded



$M^2(\eta \pi)$ Y-projection



$M^2(\eta \pi)$ X-projection



$M^2(\eta \pi^-)$ vs. $M^2(\eta \pi^+)$, Folded

- t -channel helicity system

- Components:

- Blue: $L=1, m=0$
- Green: $L=1, m=\pm 1$
- Red: Total
- Cyan: $L=0$ fit

- a_0 interference NOT reproduced

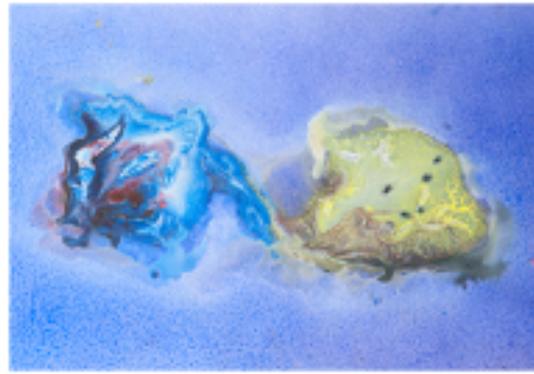
- Decaying meson is not aligned in this system



Conclusions re $f_1(1285)$:

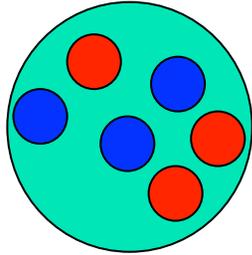
- The photoproduced meson CLAS sees at 1281 MeV is the $f_1(1285)$, not the $\eta(1295)$.
- It comes from the decay of N^* or other non- t -channel processes.
- Can it be done in the nuclear medium?
- MIN theme of medium modifications: how is this axial-vector meson altered in the medium?
 - Discuss...

$N\Delta$
 K
 f_1



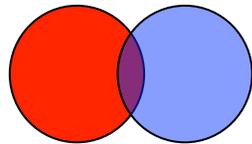
Photoproduction of
Structure in the $d\pi$
System Near the $N\Delta$
Mass: Sign of a
Quasi-Bound State?

Two-baryon resonances



- 6 quarks in a bag

3S_1

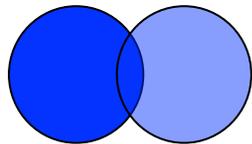


$I(J^P)=0(1^+)$

“ \mathcal{D}_{01} ”

- The deuteron
 - 2.2 MeV bound
 - The only clear-cut “dibaryonic molecule”

1S_0

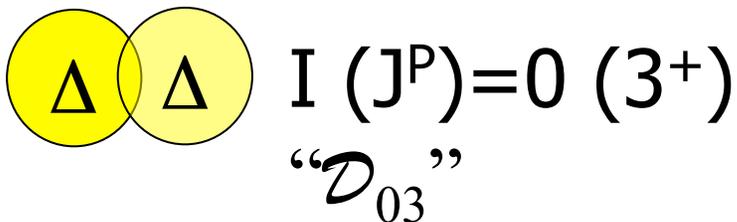
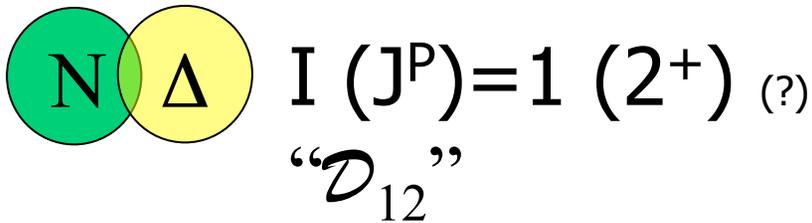
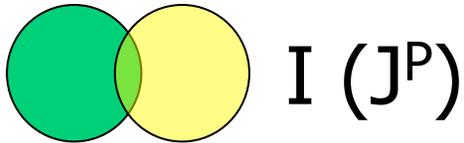


$I(J^P)=1(0^+)$

“ \mathcal{D}_{10} ”

- Recall the nn , pp , and np strong spin singlet states are unbound...
 - ... by only ~100 keV
 - One of the great “fine-tuning” mysteries of nature!!

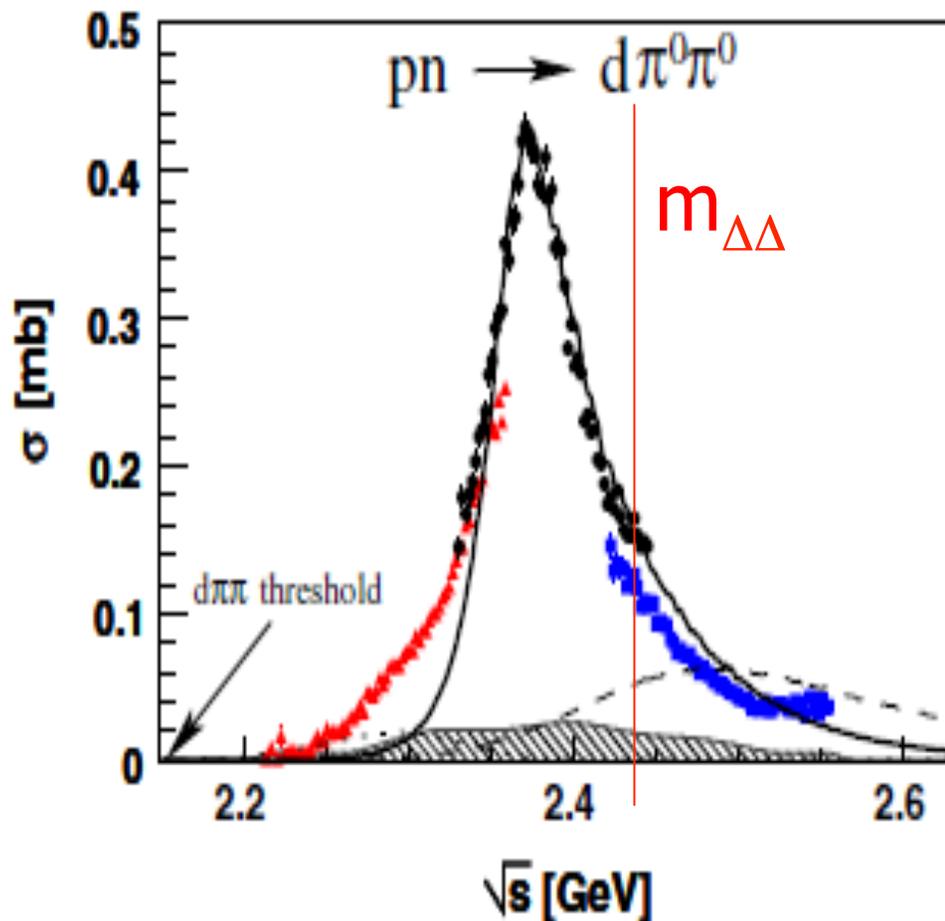
Two-baryon resonances



- Bound $N\Delta$, bound $\Delta\Delta$, $\Lambda\Lambda$ (Jaffe's "H-particle")
 - Binding?
 - Width: 'narrow' or 'wide'?
 - Spin, Isospin ?
- CLAS study: new observations
- Recent WASA@COSY discovery

$N_{\Delta}^K f_1$

$d^*(2380)$ Resonance in $I(J^P) = 0(3^+)$



- The WASA@COSY result for $\Delta\Delta$ state
- $M \sim 2370$ MeV
 $= 2m_{\Delta} - 90$ MeV
- $\Gamma \sim 70$ MeV $< 1/3 \Gamma_{\Delta\Delta}$
- $\Delta\Delta$ state “ \mathcal{D}_{03} ”
- interpretation has been controversial

P. Adlarson et al, Phys Rev Lett 106, 242302 (2011)
 ...and numerous others since.



Quasi-bound states

- What about $N\Delta$?
 - If a $\Delta\Delta$ (“ \mathcal{D}_{03} ”) state exists, so should $N\Delta$
 - Expect $N\Delta$ to have $I J^P = 1 2^+$ (“ \mathcal{D}_{12} ”)

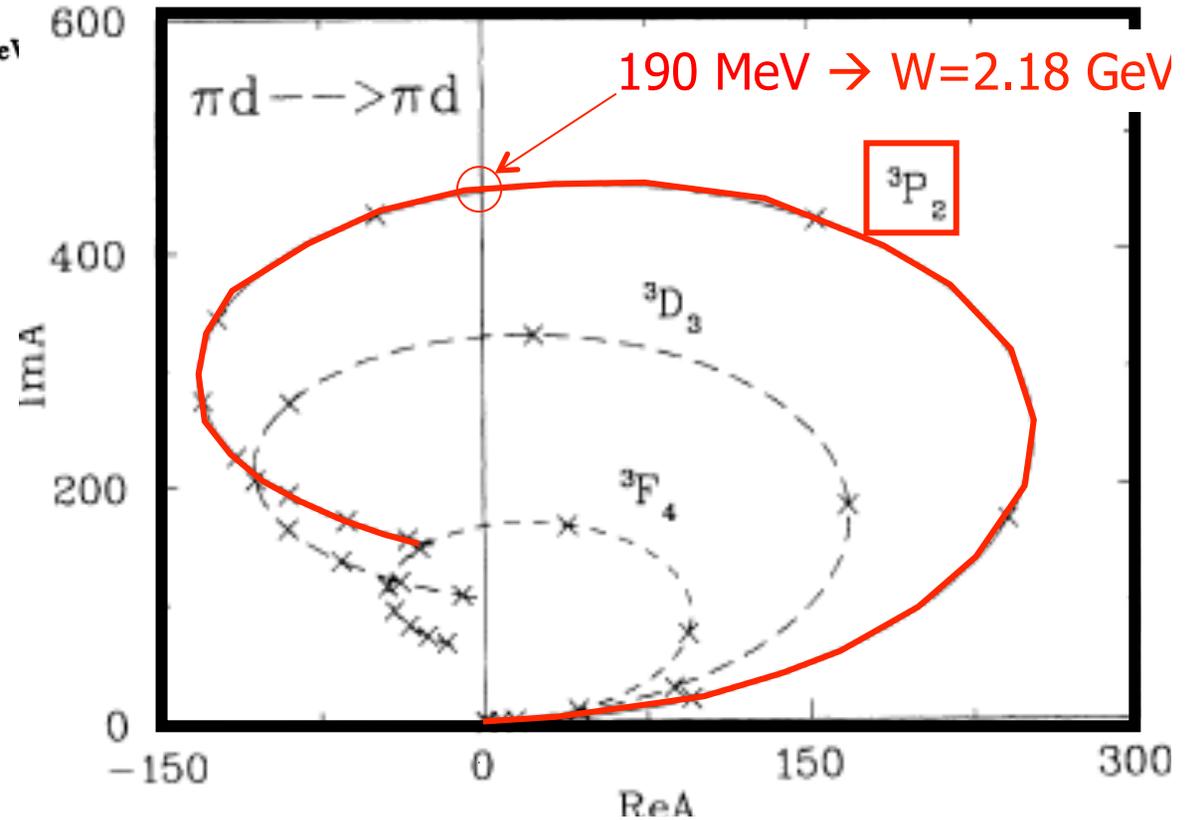
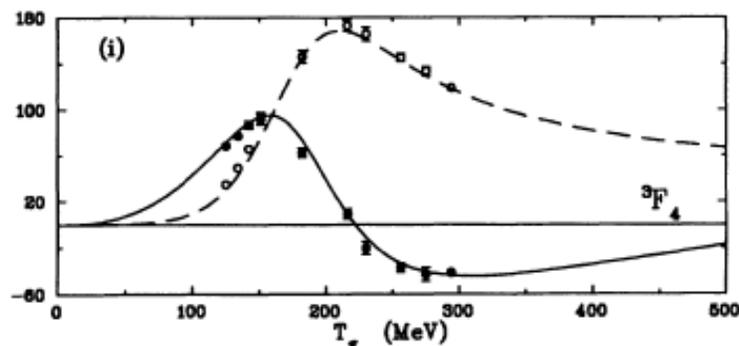
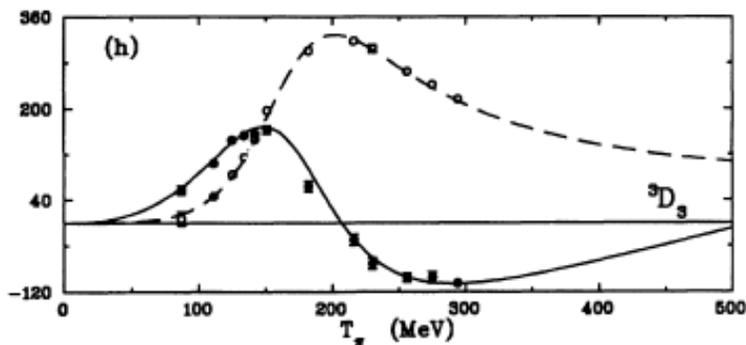
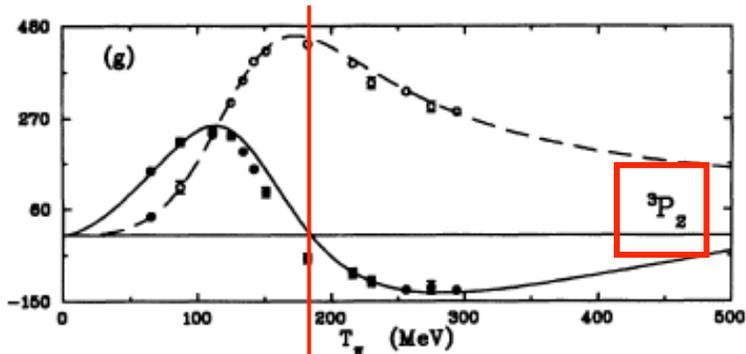


S-matrix poles for $N\Delta$ (\mathcal{D}_{12})

Pole Position \mathcal{D}_{12} (MeV)	Model Approach	Ref.
2147 – i60	Faddeev model $\pi NN, \pi\Delta N$	A. Gal, H. Garcilazo, Nucl. Phys. A928 73 (2014)
2148 – i63	$pp(^1D_2) \leftrightarrow \pi d(^3P_2)$ coupled channels	R.A. Arndt, J.S. Hyslop, L.D. Roper, Phys. Rev. D 35 (1987) 128.
2144 – i55	$pp(^1D_2) \leftrightarrow \pi d(^3P_2)$ coupled channels	N. Hoshizaki, Phys. Rev. C 45 (1992), R1424, Prog. Theor. Phys. 89 (1993) 563.

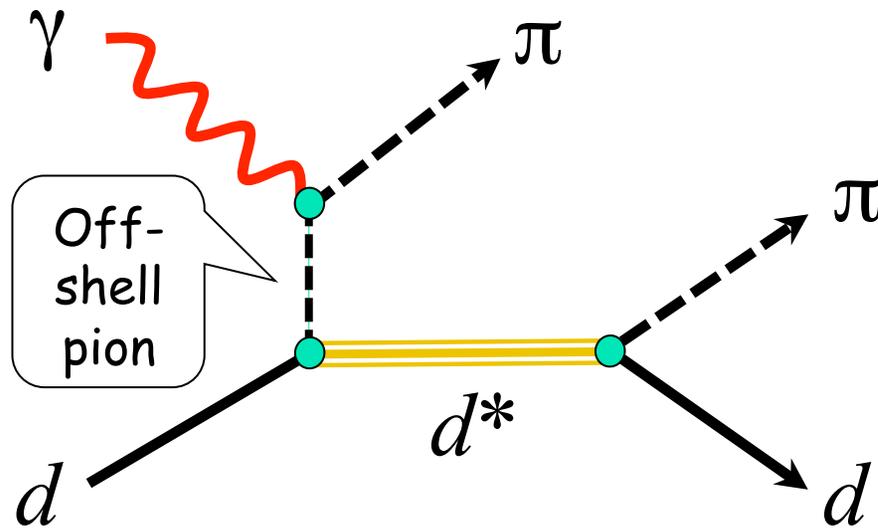
$\pi d \rightarrow \pi d$ Elastic PWA

ANALYSIS OF πd ELASTIC SCATTERING DATA TO 500 MeV



- 3P_2 wave in πd elastic scattering is most prominent
- SAID analysis: "resonance-like" behavior in several partial waves

Photoproduction Scenario



- Resembles πd elastic scattering but with an off-shell pion.
 - Suppose it to be dominant at small $-t$



What can CLAS see?

- Photons on a deuteron target
 - g_{10}, g_{13}, g_{14} data sets
- Spin-1 photon & spin-1 deuteron:
 - $\vec{1} + \vec{1} \rightarrow \vec{J} = \vec{0}, \vec{1}, \vec{2}$ in S wave, is favorable
- Isospin $I = \{0, 1\} + 0 \rightarrow 0, 1$ allowed
- We looked for both $N\Delta$ and $\Delta\Delta$ structures
- $\gamma d \rightarrow p p \pi^-$ - messy mix of partial waves
- $\gamma d \rightarrow d \pi^+ \pi^-$ - coherent exclusive production: clean!

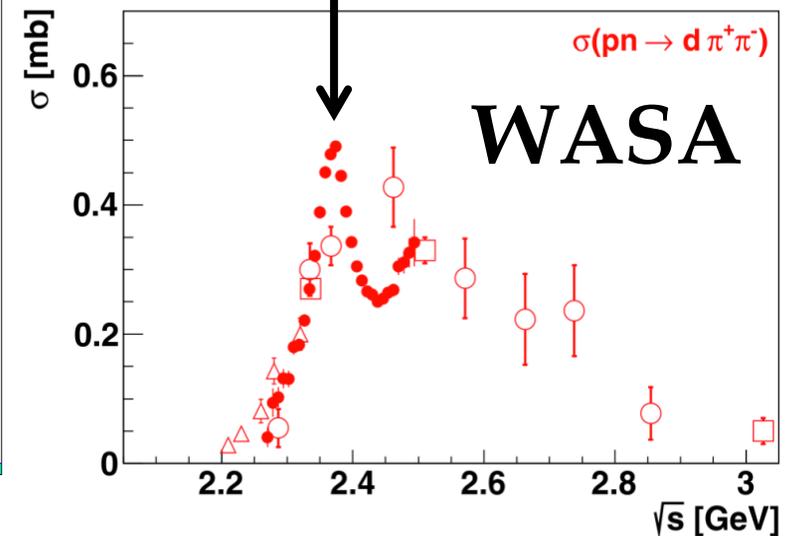
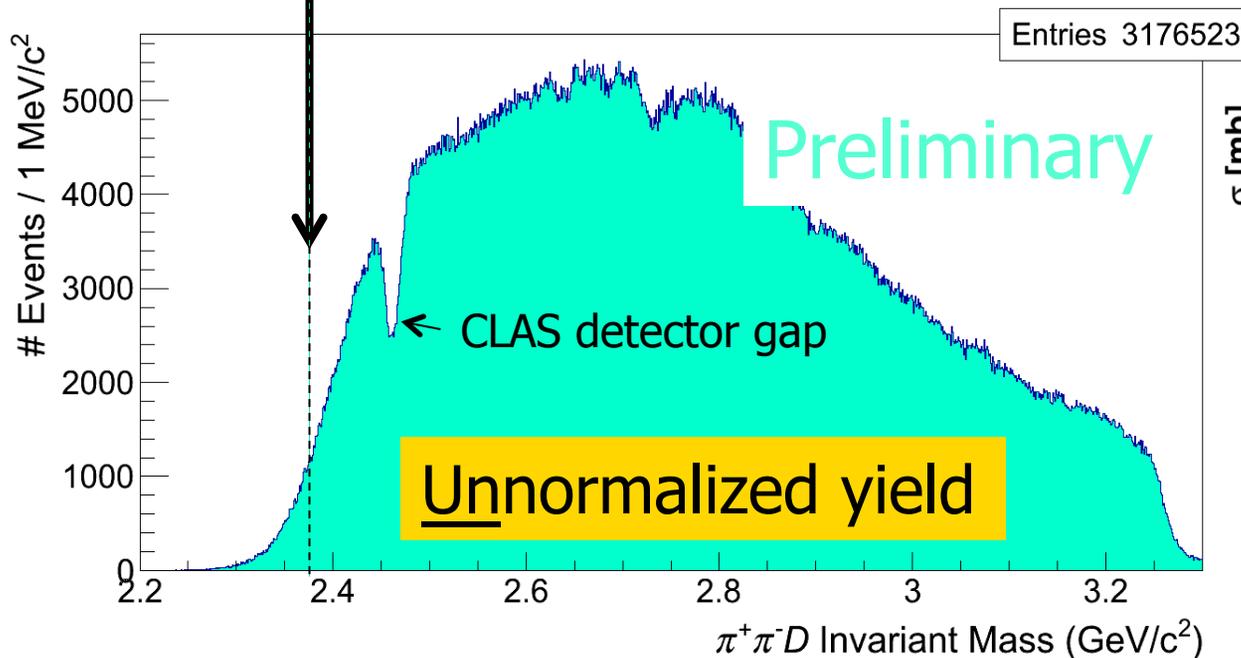


- Preliminary CLAS data showing
 - No sign of a “ $\Delta\Delta$ ” signal
 - Evidence for ρ background
 - Evidence for a “ $N\Delta$ ” signal

$N\Delta_f^K$ $d \pi^+ \pi^-$ Invariant Mass

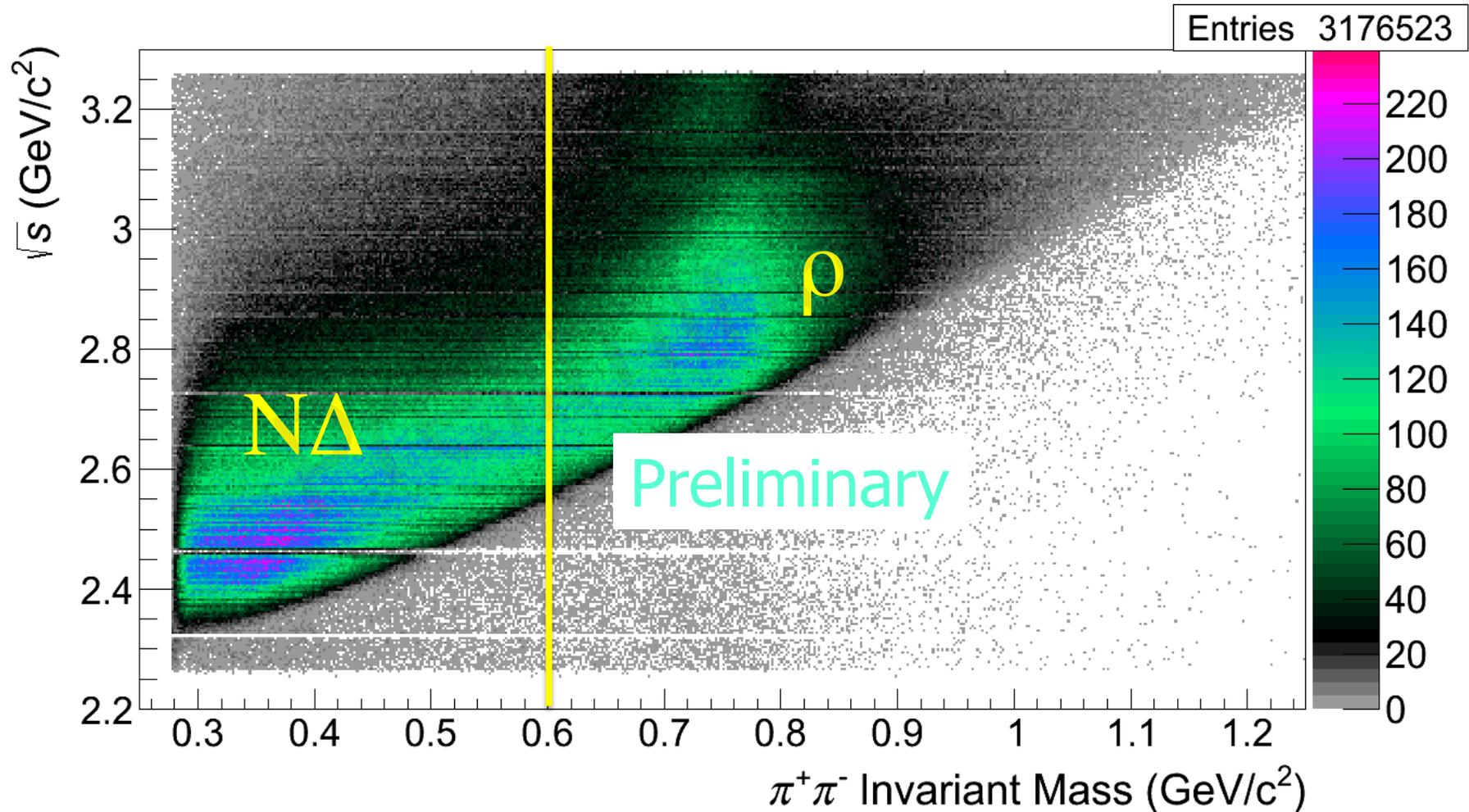
- Gash at $W = 2.46 \text{ GeV}/c^2$: known gap in CLAS photon energy coverage
- No obvious $\Delta\Delta$ visible in CALS/g13 (maybe PWA, or not formed in γd)
- Recall WASA@COSY claims $\Delta\Delta$ at $W = 2.37 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ in $pn \rightarrow d \pi^+ \pi^-$

No hint of a “ $\Delta\Delta$ ” bump!

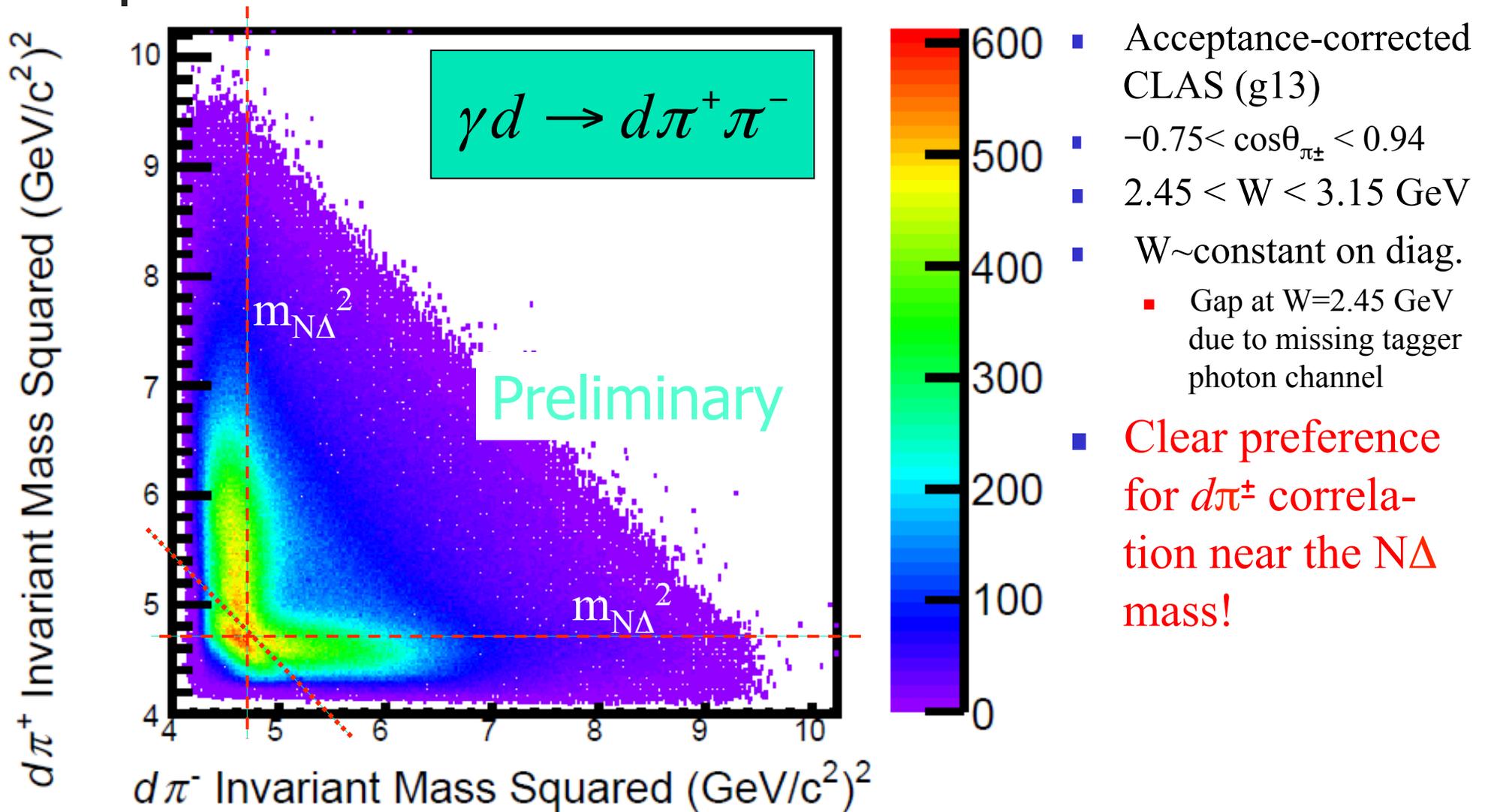


$N\Delta$
 f_1

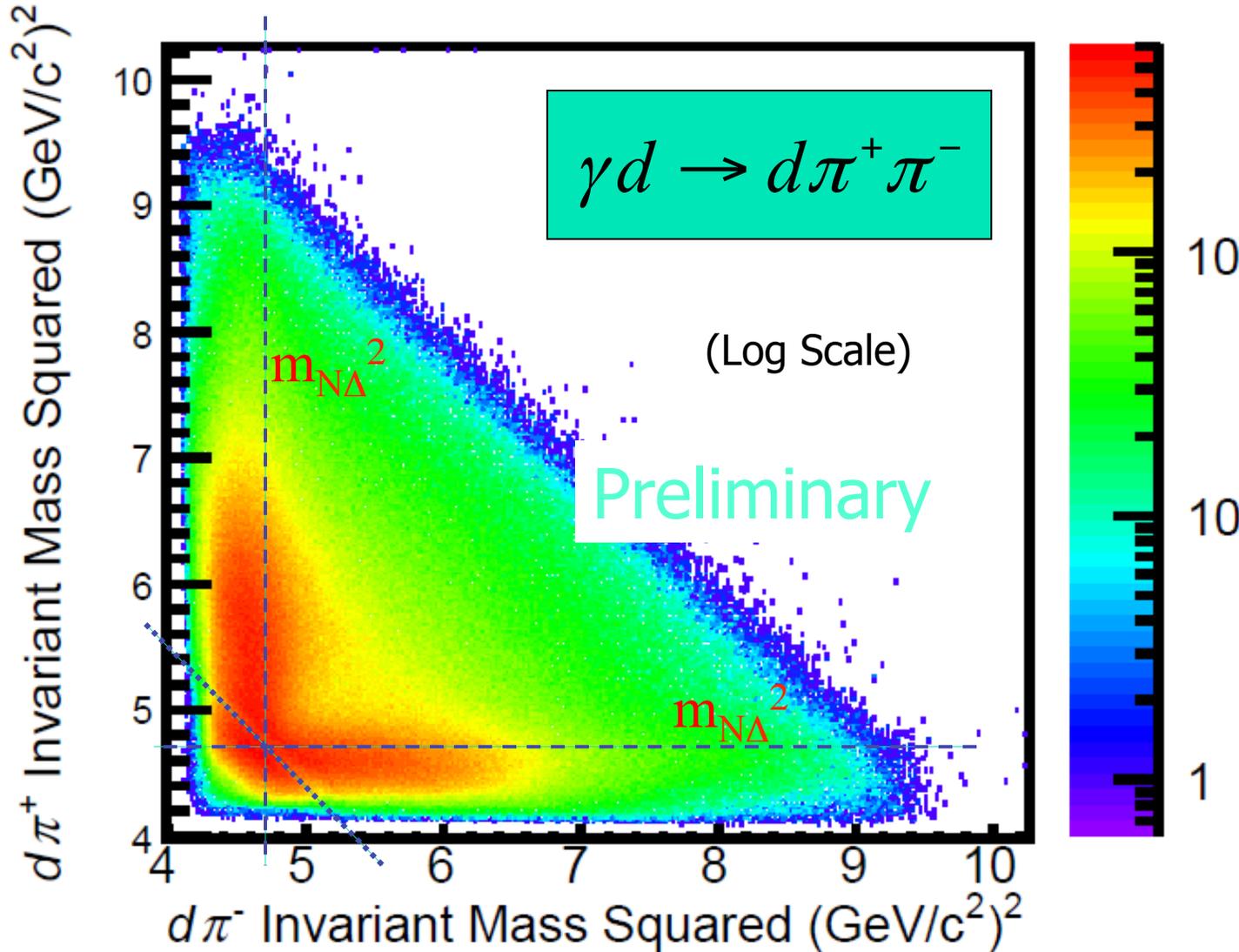
$\gamma d \rightarrow d \rho, \rho \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ background



Dalitz Plot: $d\pi^+$ vs. $d\pi^-$



Dalitz Plot: $d\pi^+$ vs. $d\pi^-$



Acceptance-corrected
CLAS (g13)

$-0.75 < \cos\theta_{\pi^\pm} < 0.94$

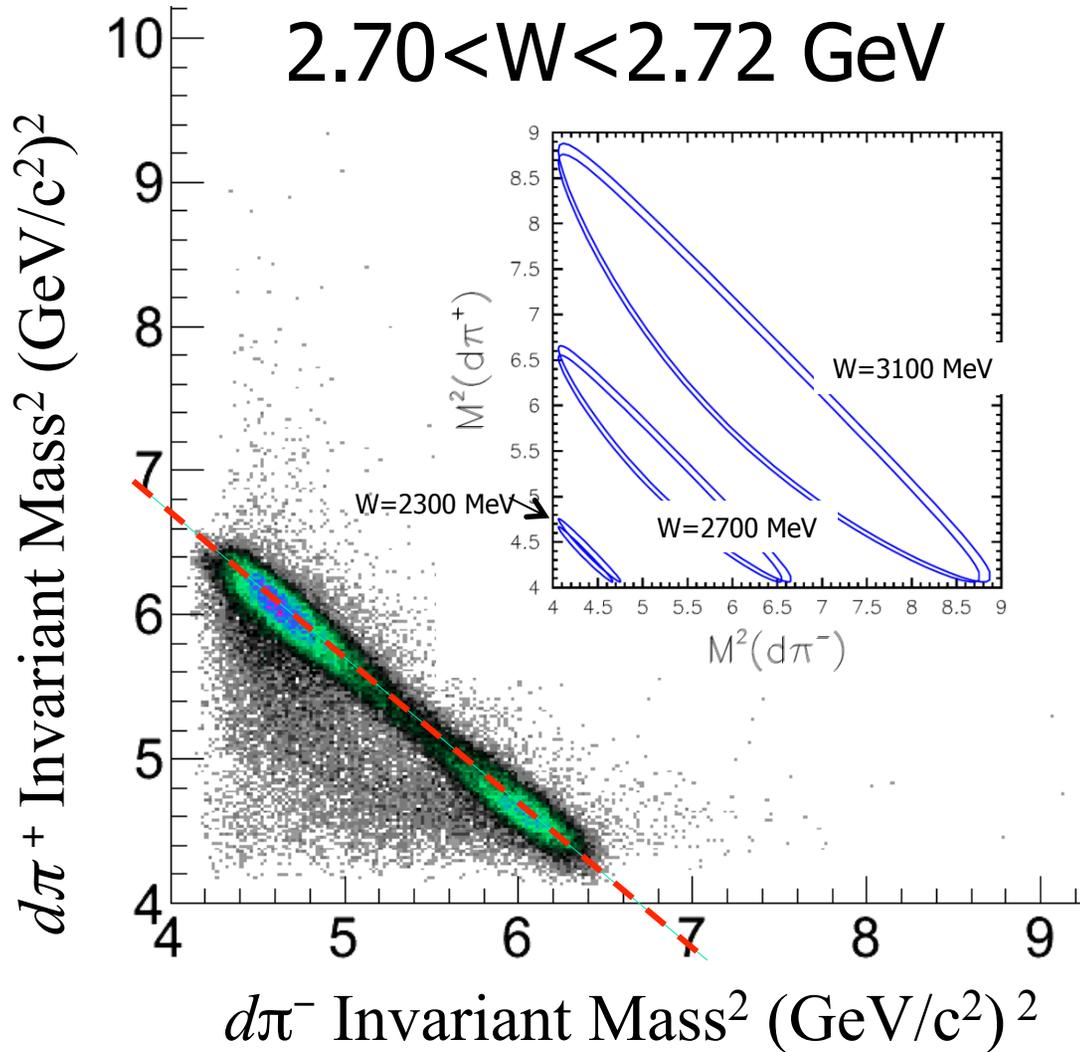
$2.45 < W < 3.15 \text{ GeV}$

$W \sim \text{constant on diag.}$

- Gap at $W=2.45 \text{ GeV}$
due to missing tagger
photon channel

**Clear preference
for $d\pi^\pm$ correla-
tion near the $N\Delta$
mass!**

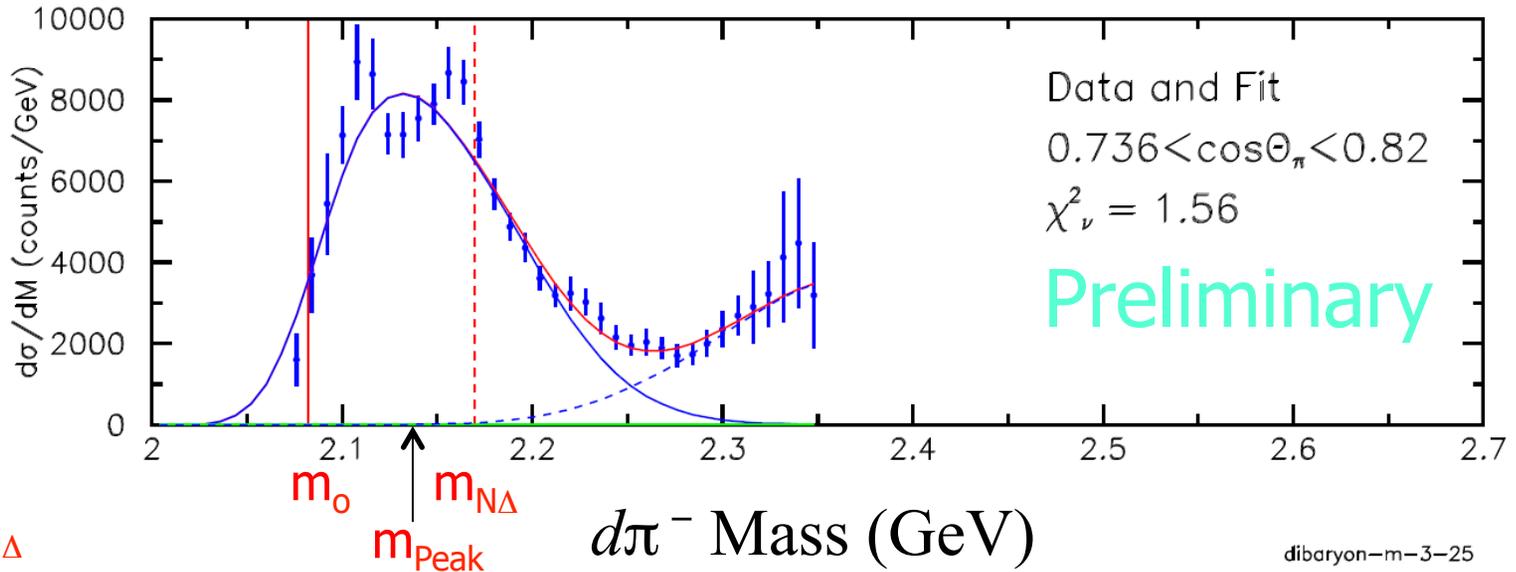
Fit to Resonance-like Shapes



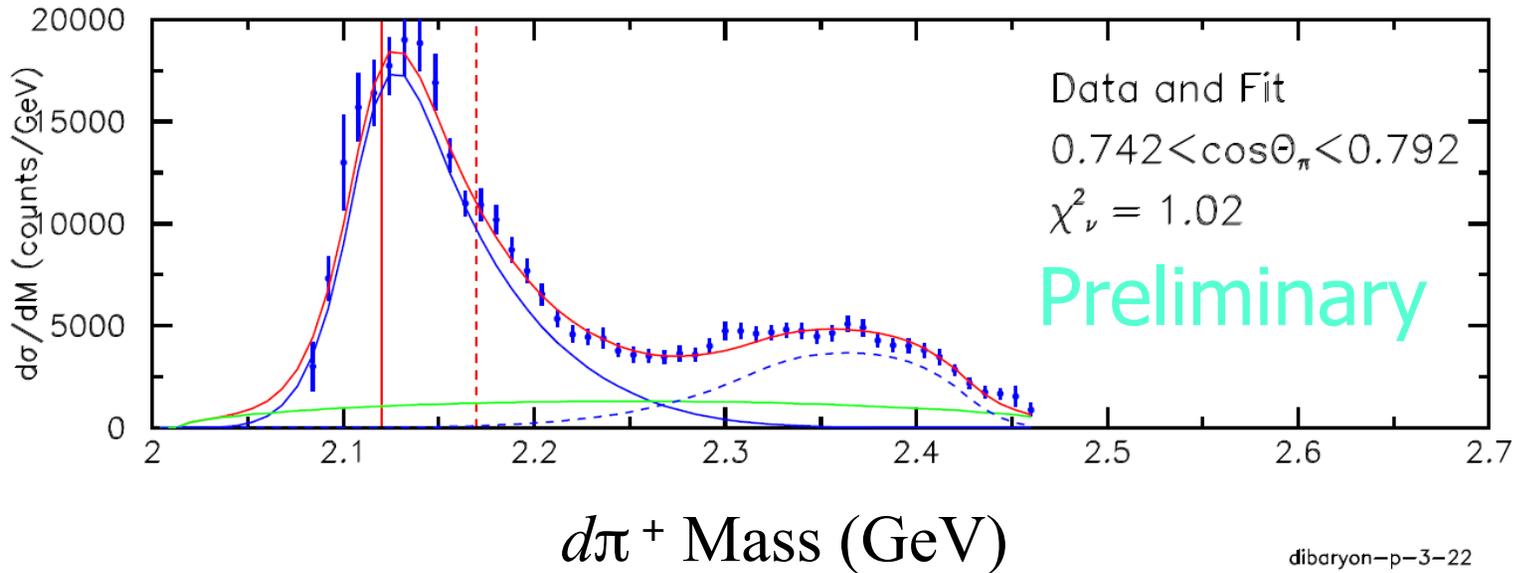
- Use 50 MeV slices in
- Assume a Breit-Wigner line shape
- Let $d\pi$ system decay to $N\Delta$ (L=0), $d\pi$ (L=1), and NN (L=2)
- ρ not cut away; model as P.S. background
- Incoherent amplitudes
- Following fits are preliminary! Prelude to PWA analysis

$N_{\Delta}^K f_1$

$\gamma d \rightarrow (d\pi) \pi \quad 2.60 < W < 2.65 \text{ GeV}$



Evidently,
 $m_{Peak} < m_{N\Delta}$



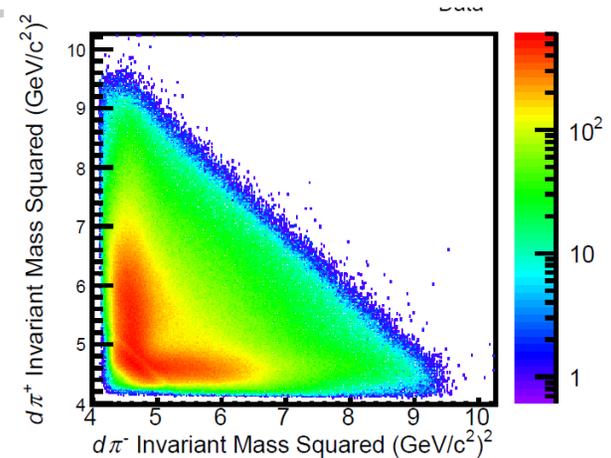


Observations

- Peaks are all below the $N\Delta$ centroid
- Peaks widths are not identical: $\cos \theta_\pi$ dependent; very preliminary result:
 - $m_{\text{peak}} = 2115 \pm 10 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
 - $\text{FWHM} = 125 \pm 25 \text{ MeV}$
- We have remaining acceptance issues near high and low edges
- Best fits are found using non-relativistic BW line shapes with $L_{\pi d} = 1$

Summary re $N\Delta \rightarrow d\pi$ Structure

- Big $\pi^\pm d$ signal seen in CLAS photo-production data, peaking below the $N\Delta$ mass.
 - Dominant at forward pion angles.
- Extracting mass and width depends on line-shape model, ρ treatment, amplitude interferences...
- We are NOT claiming that this $d\pi$ -system bump is necessarily the expected resonant \mathcal{D}_{12} state... but it could be
 - Final/initial state interactions, other dynamics...
 - Scattering matrix poles vs. peaks in spectra...
- Spin determination in progress via $\vec{\gamma}d \rightarrow d\pi^+\pi^-$





Overall Summary

- First study of $f_1(1285)$ in photoproduction
 - Unusual photo-production mechanism
 - Study in nuclear medium shifts?
- Signs of an $N\Delta$ quasi-bound structure decaying to $d\pi$
 - Coherent two-pion photoproduction off deuteron
 - \mathcal{D}_{12} candidate (preliminary)